LMDZ Single Column Model



LMDZ team

LMDZ training session 2024

Why running LMDZ in a 1D (single column) mode ?

- To evaluate/develop the physical part of the model regardless of the dynamical part → central in the model development process
- To make quick sensitivity tests
- To carry out process-oriented studies
- To tune the model (see F. Hourdin's presentation)
- For teaching

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LMDZ in 1D (1 column) mode physics only, no resolved dynamics



The 1D 'case' concept

<u>A 'case' is :</u>

- a set of initial conditions
- a set of lateral (and sometimes surface) forcings
- a time period (radiation)
- surface properties

Note that, as the large scale dynamics is prescribed through forcings, 1D 'cases' make it possible to thoroughly explore and assess the 'physics' of the model

Different 'cases ' have been built - with different degrees of idealisation to study various aspects of the physics (clouds, deep convection, boundary-layer dynamics ..)

Recent development of the so-called international standard 'DEPHY' format for 1D cases https://github.com/GdR-DEPHY/DEPHY-SCM/

How 1D cases are built ?



Courtesy F.Hourdin

Avalaible cases correspond to different meteorological situations

Dry and shallow convection

<u>ARMCU</u> (diurnal cycle of shallow cumulus over land) **RICO** (Rain In Cumulus over Ocean, shallow precipitating cumulus over sea) **AYOTTE** (convective boundary layer, sky clear)



Stratocumulus and transition to cumulus

SANDU (transition case with 3 options : variation of SST) **FIRE** (diurnal cycle of stratocumulus)

Deep convection over ocean:

Toga case_e (part of Toga) TWPICE : off the coast of Darwin

Deep convection over land:

Hapex : african monsoon AMMA : african monsoon Idealized case: eq_rad_conv (RCE) : radiative and convection scheme active





DICE case : characterize boundary layer In the site of SGP during 3 days/nights May be coupled with soil model



<u>**Cindy Dynamo</u>** case (Madden Julian Oscillation study, intraseasonal variability in the tropical atmosphere)</u>



<u>GABLS4</u> case : interaction of a very stable boundary layer with a snow surface

<u>MPACE</u> case : mixte phase in Arctica. Shallow convection with Stratocumulus developing at the top of boundary layer

How to install 1D model?

cd LMDZ*****

wget http://www.lmd.jussieu.fr/~lmdz/Distrib/1D/1D.tar.gz

tar xvzf 1D.tar.gz cd 1D

CAS folder

An international common format for forcings and output files has been defined.

→ https://github.com/GdR-DEPHY/DEPHY-SCM/

DEPHY Cases which are up to date in CAS: ARMCU, AYOTTE, BOMEX, DYNAMO, GABLS1, GABLS4, IHOP, ISDAC, MPACE, RICO, SANDU, SCMS

- + common forcings file is **cas.nc**
- + common output file is **hourly_std.nc**
- + there is also histhf.nc or hourly.nc

Other cases are in OLDCASES :

- + forcings file is case_name.nc or prof.inp.001
- + output file is histhf.nc or hourly.nc

Have a look at run.sh Script that COMPILES the model and RUN cases





LLM="79" # imposing the number of vertical level (default 79) # default values for various cases are defined bellow



Results : in ~/1D/OUTPUT



ARMCUREF.pdf ~

NPv6.1L79/

RICOREF.pdf

SANDUREF.pdf

SAVE41389/

~/1D/OUTPUT/6AL79/ARMCU/REF

histhf.nc hourly.nc hourly_std.nc LES.nc

+ some pdf files

~/1D/EXEC

Same than OUTPUT + All the files used to run the case : forcings, .def files, listing ...



Where are the results ? In 1D/EXEC/6AL79/ARMCU/REF



CAUTION !

You can modify *def files in ~LMDZ20211102.trunk/1D/EXEC/NPv6.1/ARMCU/REF and quickly rerun the model because Imdz1d.e is in this directory. **BUT BE CAREFULL** The « original » files are either under ~/CAS or ~/INPUT

And will be replaced at each run of run.sh



Thank you for your attention !

Where are located all these cases ?



Background : low cloud cover from Calipso (Chepfer et al. 2008)