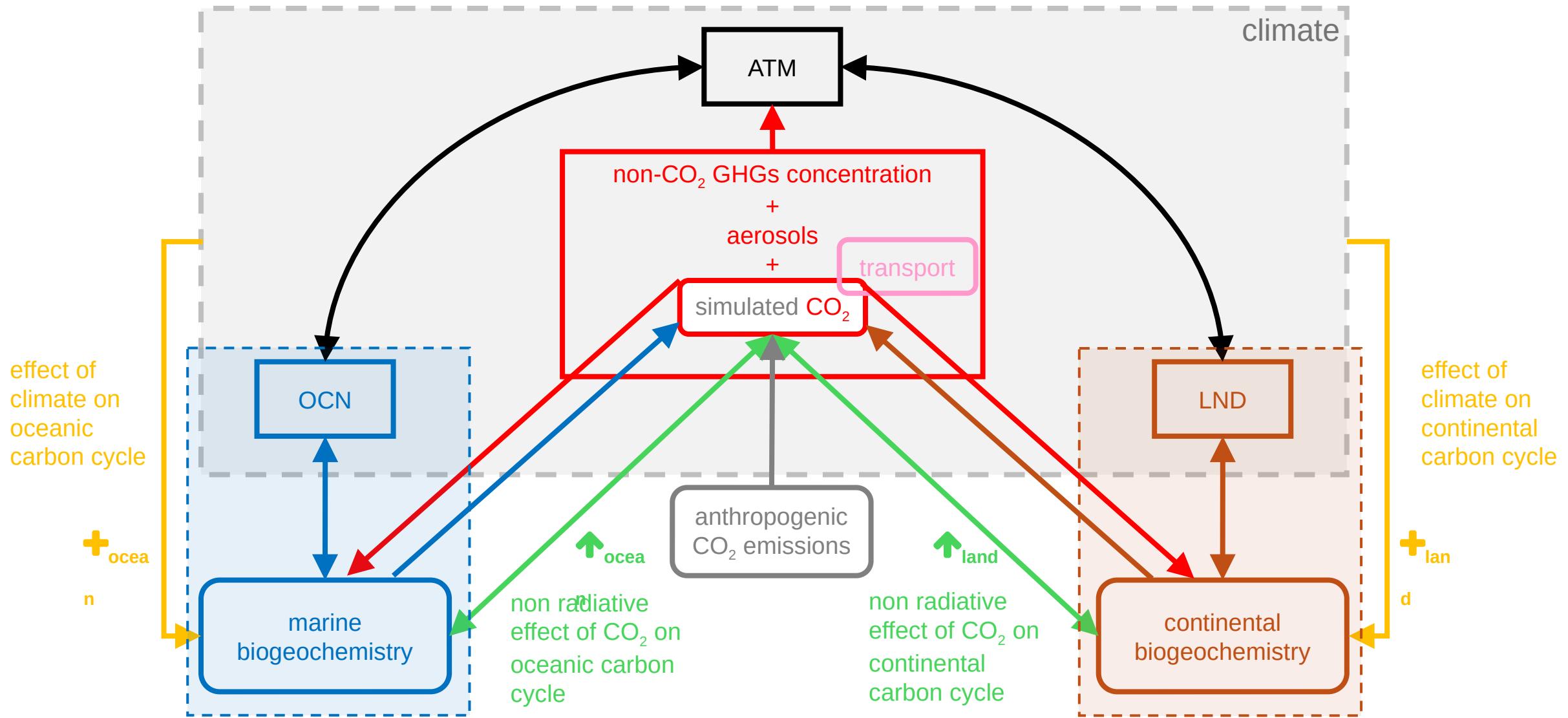


# Retour sur les simulations C<sup>4</sup>MIP/CMIP6+ avec IPSL-CM6A- LR et IPSL-CM6A-ESMCO2

P. Cadule, O. Boucher, L. Bopp,  
L. Fairhead, A. Caubel, O. Aumont, F. Hourdin, L. Kwiatkowski,  
C. Ethé, P. Peylin, F. Maignan

# Climate-Carbon Interactions

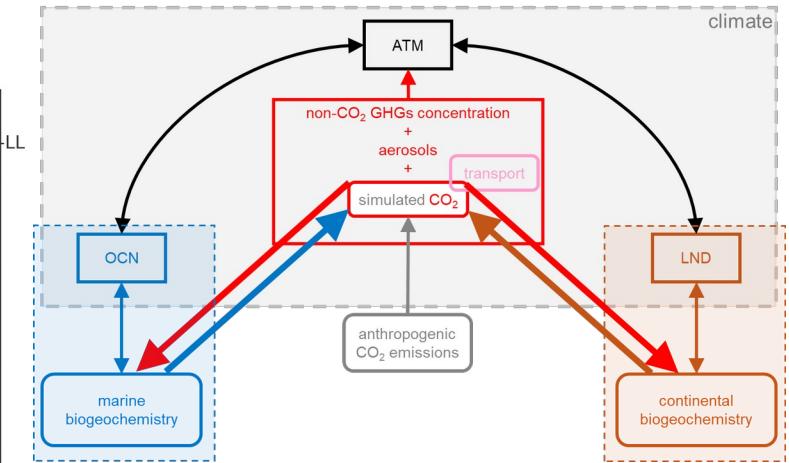
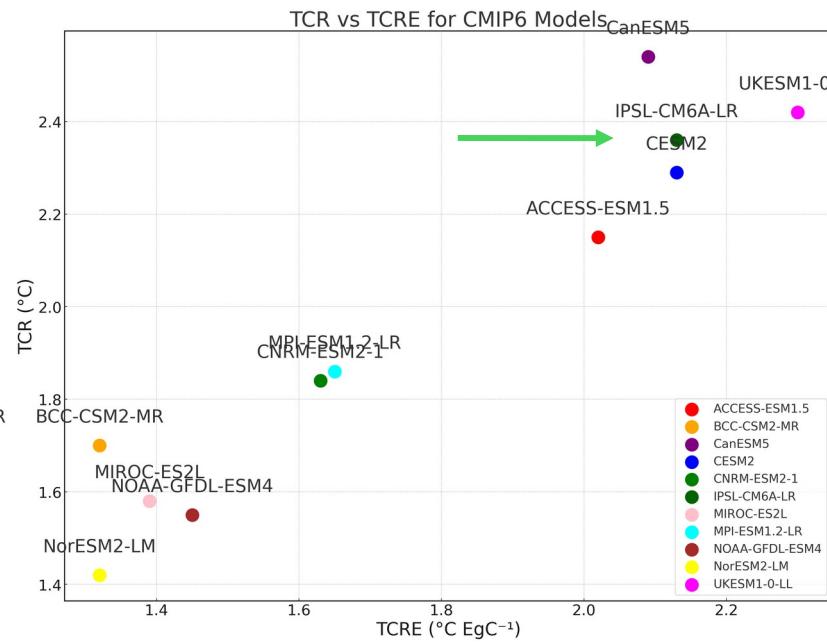
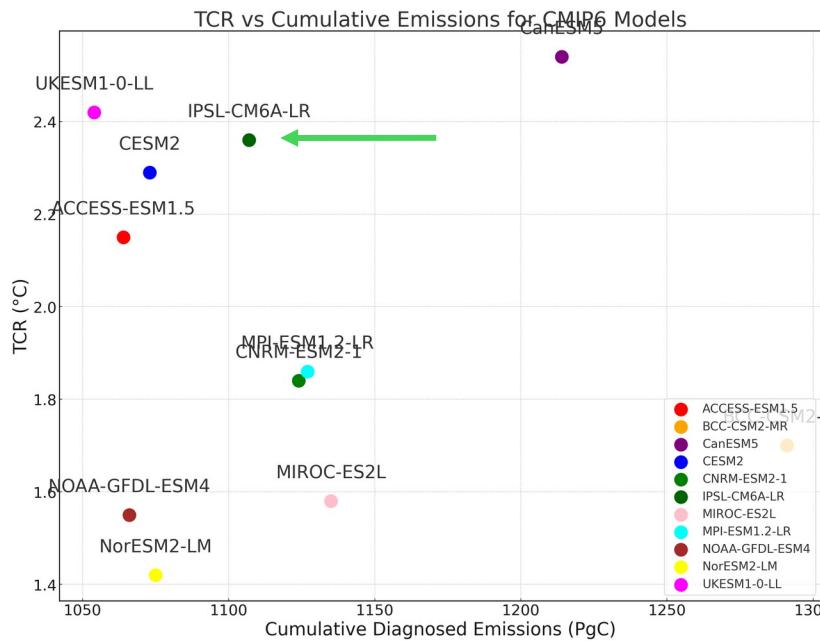


# TCRE

Transient Climate Response to cumulative Emissions

## Useful indicator for adaptation and attenuation strategies

At 2xCO<sub>2</sub>  
Idealized experiment « 1pctCO<sub>2</sub> »

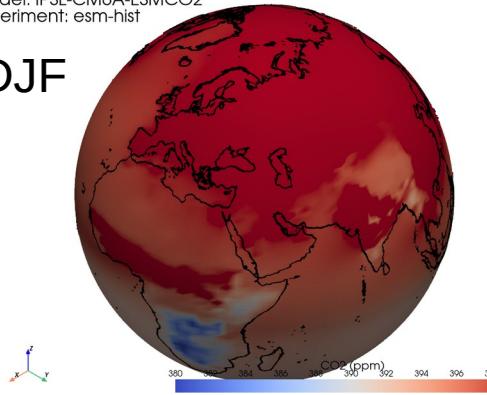


Arora et al., 2020

# Transport of Atmospheric CO<sub>2</sub>

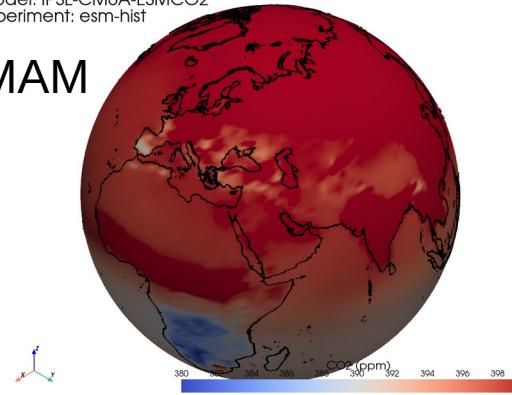
Season DJF  
Model: IPSL-CM6A-ESMCO2  
Experiment: esm-hist

DJF



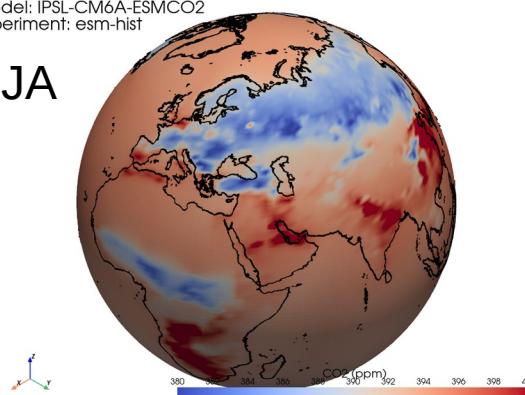
Season MAM  
Model: IPSL-CM6A-ESMCO2  
Experiment: esm-hist

MAM



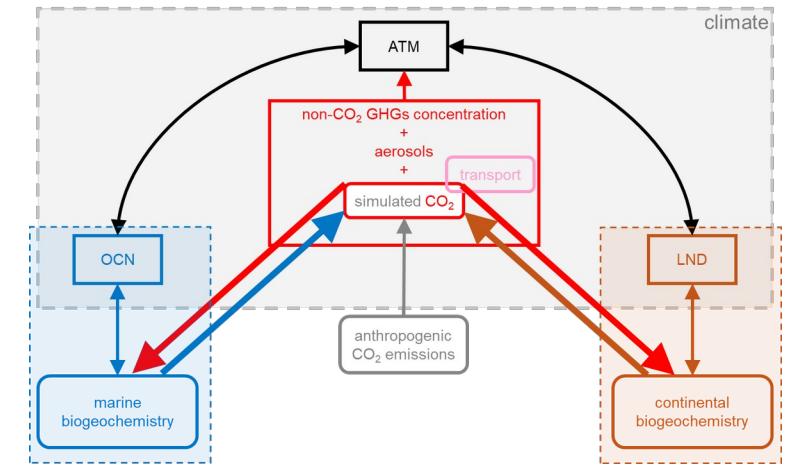
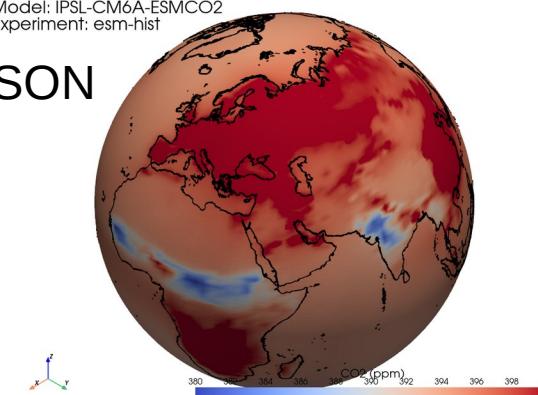
Season JJA  
Model: IPSL-CM6A-ESMCO2  
Experiment: esm-hist

JJA



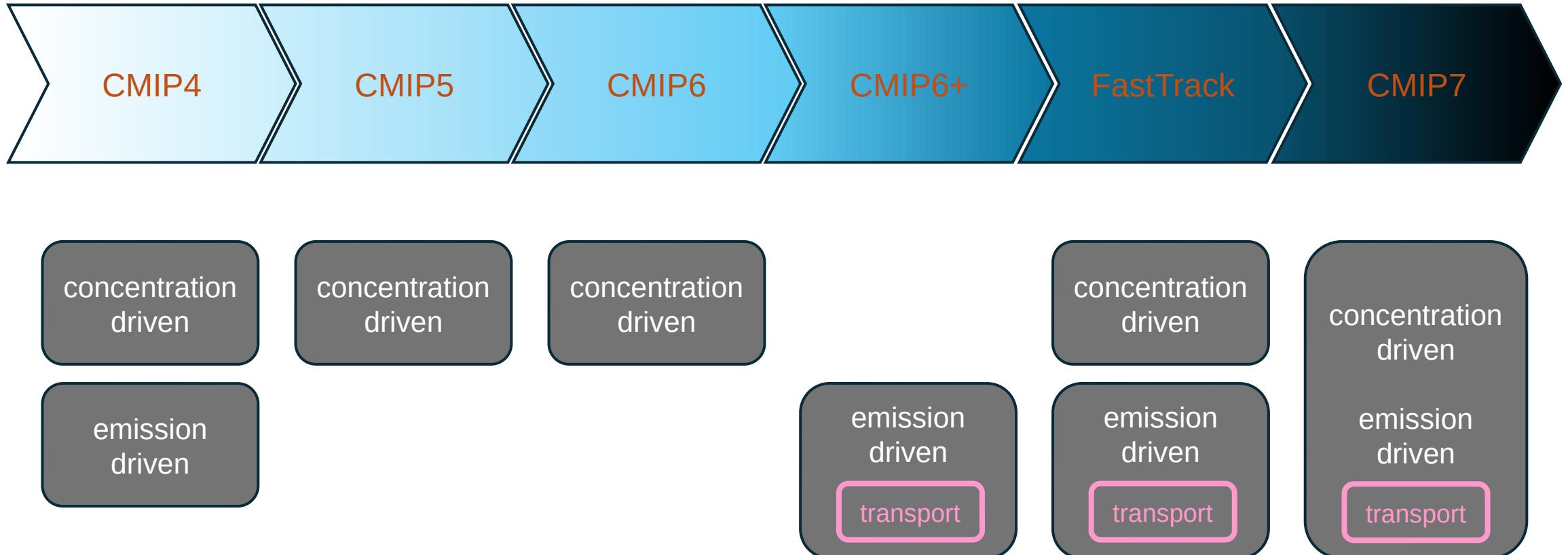
Season SON  
Model: IPSL-CM6A-ESMCO2  
Experiment: esm-hist

SON



More realistic spatial and temporal representation of the simulated CO<sub>2</sub> concentration  
Leading to a better representation of the carbon sinks

# Evolution Path



4C  
AERA  
DCPP  
OptimESM  
TipESM

# Current Needs

- Other GHGs and aerosols radiative forcings
  - To estimate equivalent CO<sub>2</sub>
- Confirm CO<sub>2</sub> radiative forcing
  - To confidently determine TCRE
- Wind patterns + Transport
  - To determine most appropriate inter-hemispheric gradient
  - To improve carbon sinks

# Future Needs

- Coupling with INCA
  - Account for CO<sub>2</sub> induced by chemical reactions
  - Fires: lightning (TRACCS)
- Improved coupling with LMDZ
  - Fires: Account for injections heights of emissions (TRACCS)
  - Photosynthesis module: improvement of the GPP representation (F. Maignan)
  - Photosynthesis module: CO<sub>2</sub> gradient in canopy (J. Alléon)
  - Photosynthesis module: Direct and diffuse light fraction on photosynthesis (Y. Zhang)

See P. Peylin's presentation