

Présentation stations d'observations

◆ Outils

Modèle LMDZ

résolution horizontale :

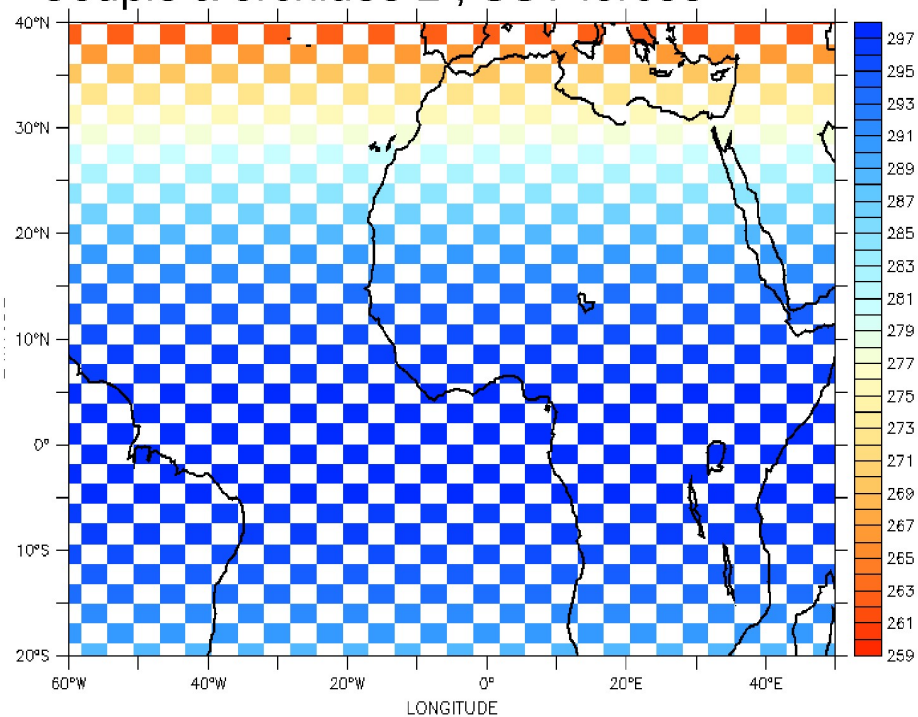
300x200 km

Deux versions du modèle

Simulations :

AMIP

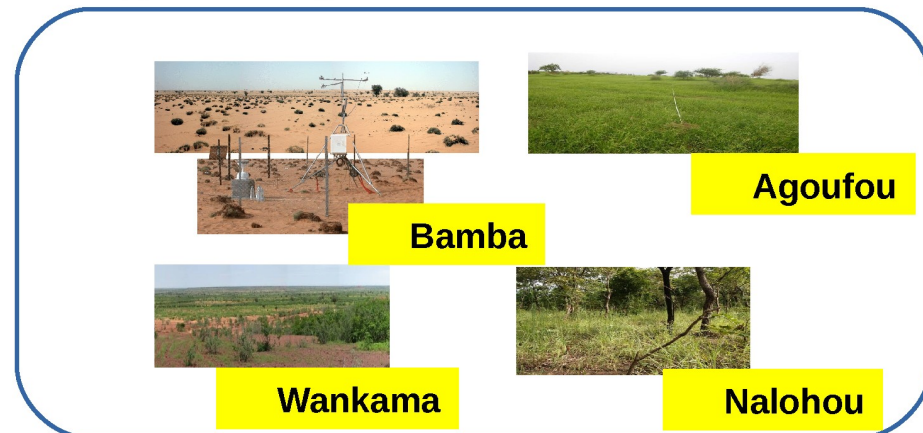
Couplé à orchidée 2 , SST forcée



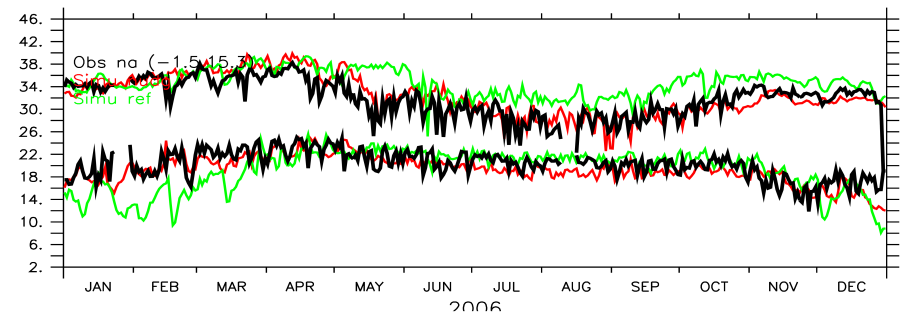
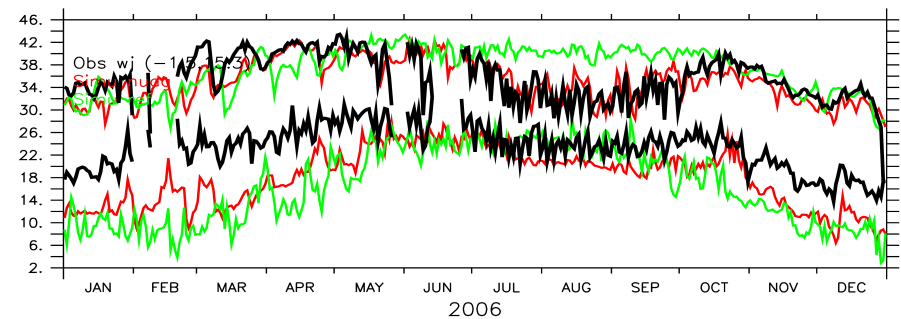
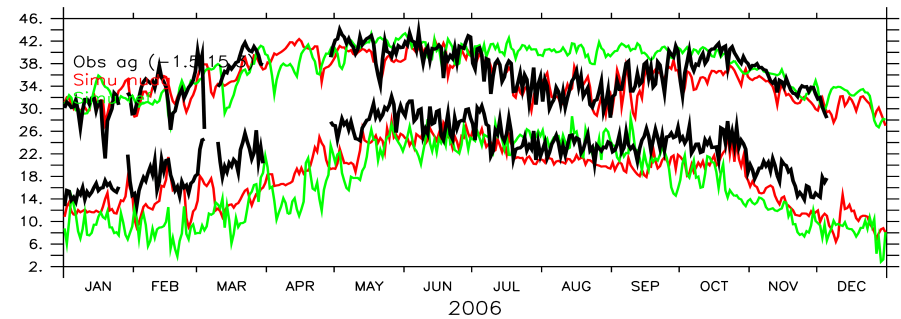
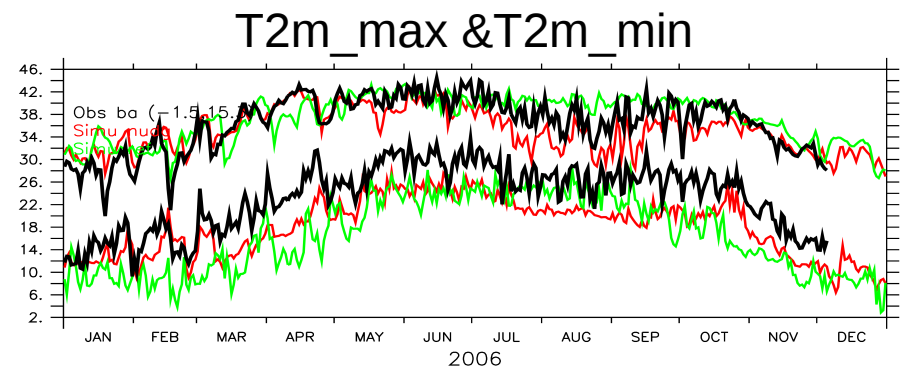
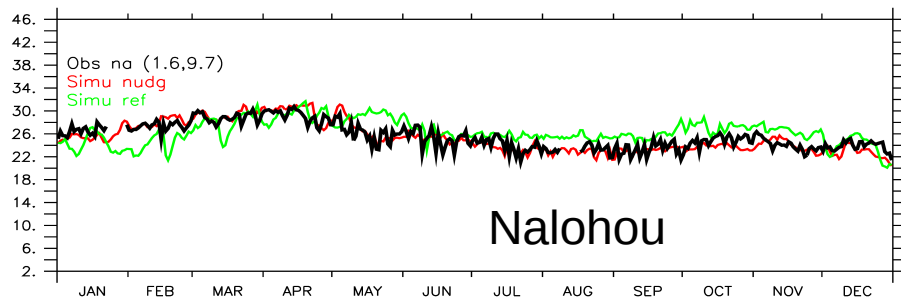
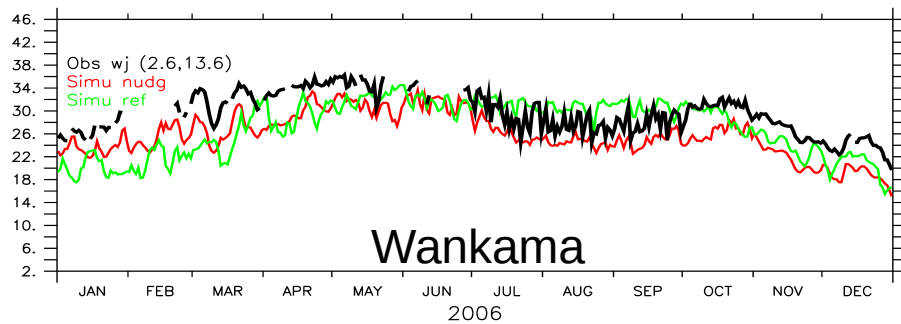
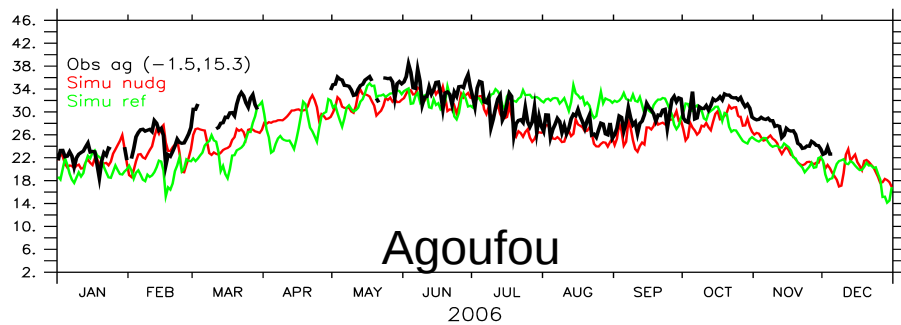
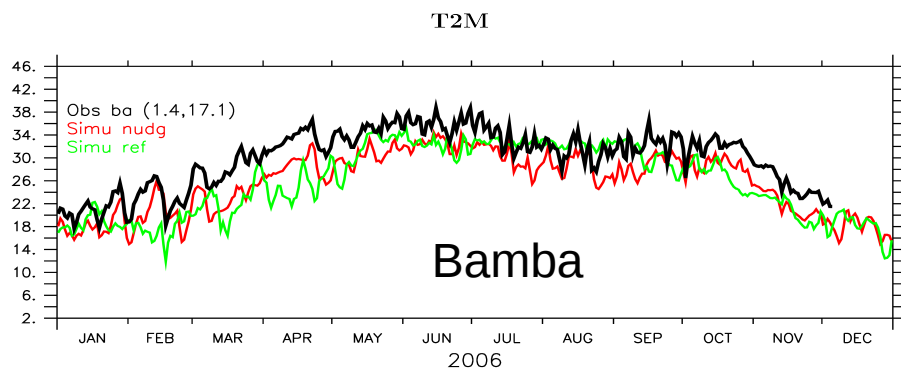
Configuration en grille régulière
96x95x39

Type de végétation

Laurent kergoat



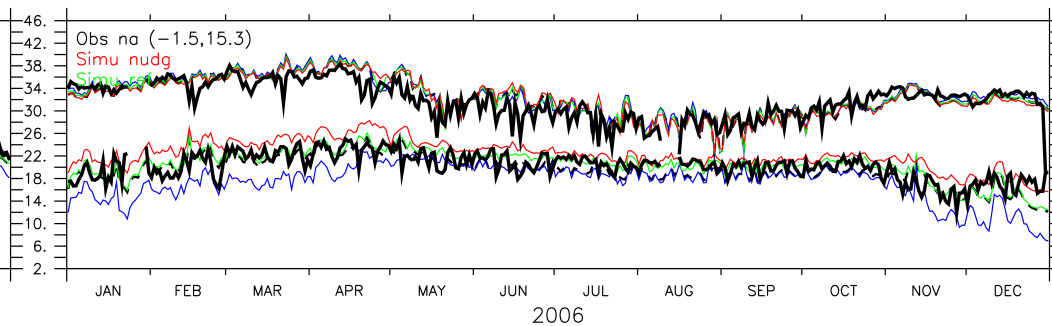
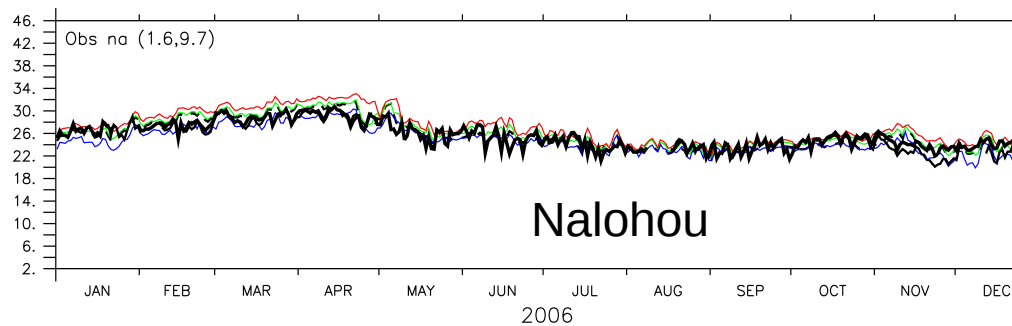
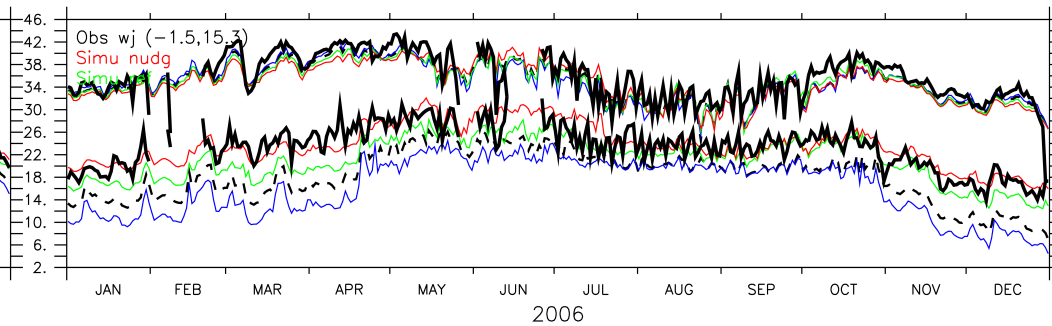
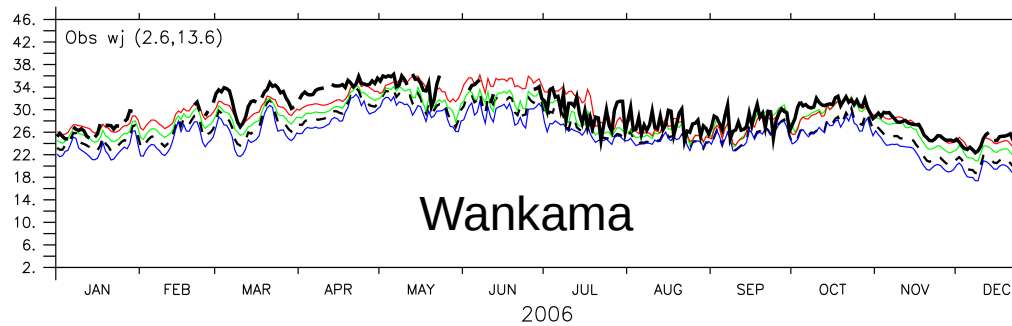
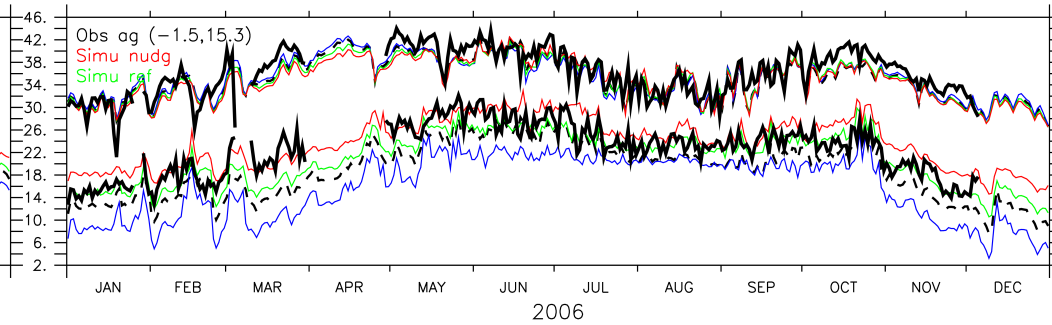
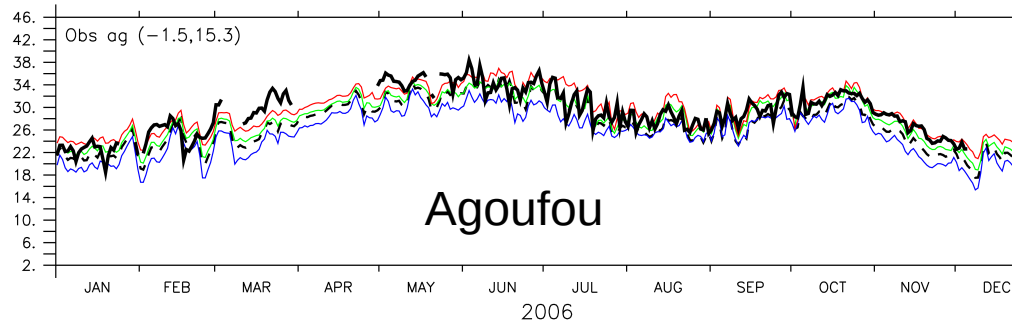
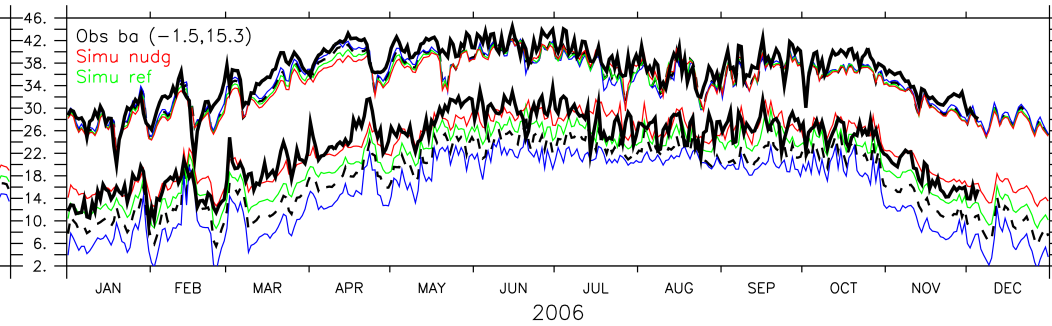
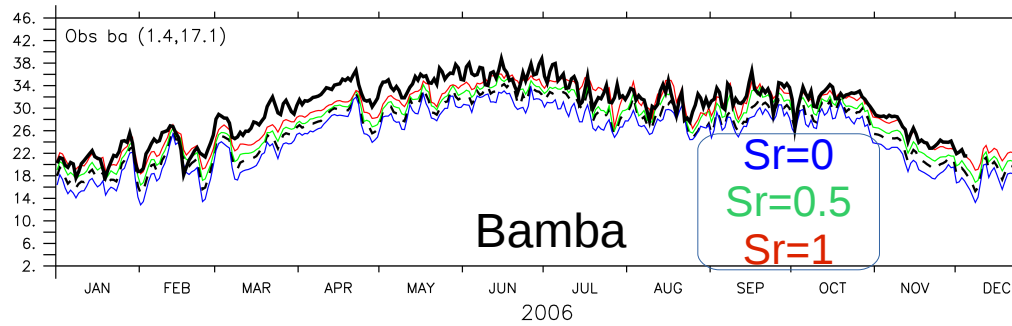
Station in situ
(campagne AMMA)



-Persistance d'un biais froid au sahel en saison sèche malgré un Swnet surestimé dans LMDZ
-biais froid du à un sous estimation de T2m_min

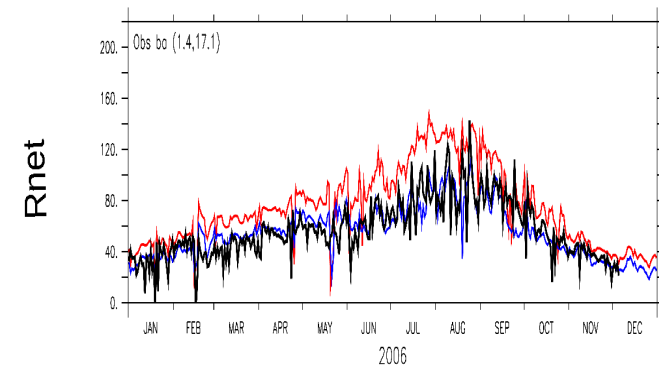
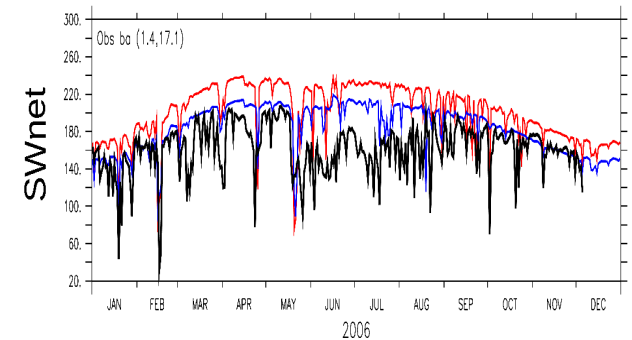
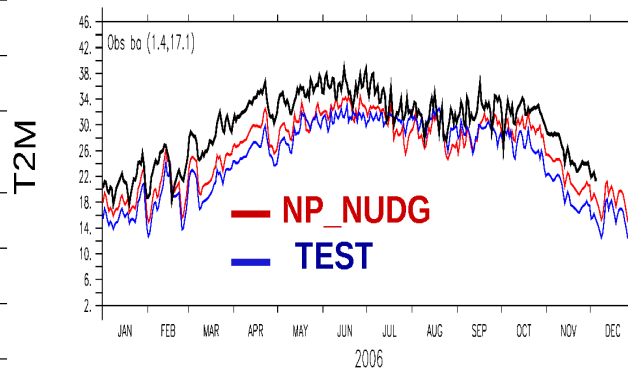
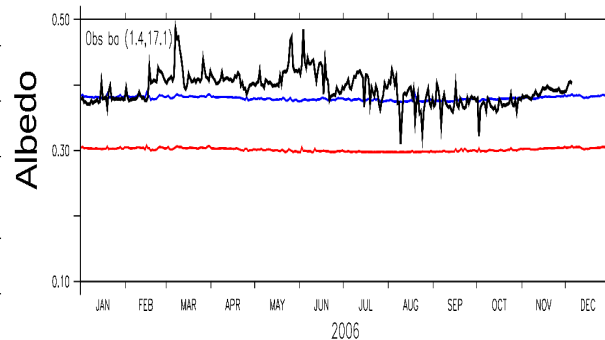
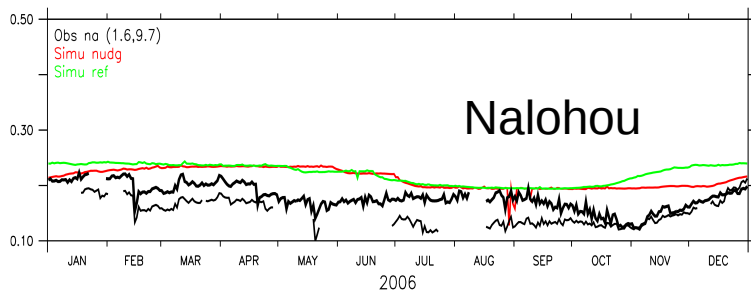
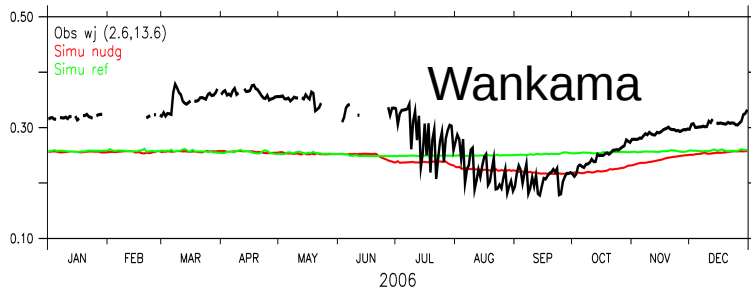
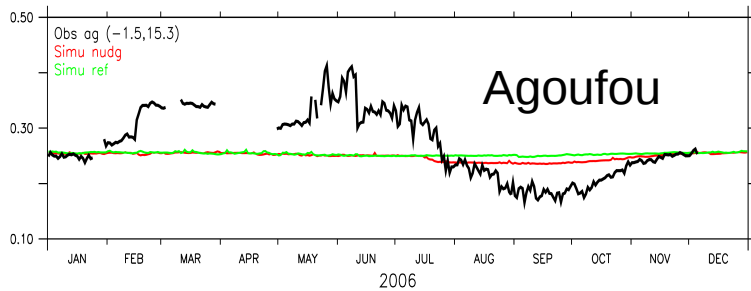
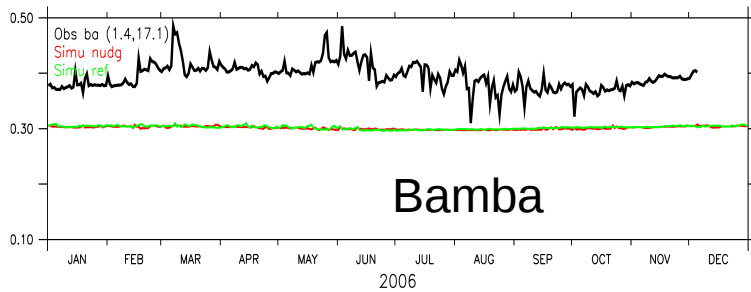
T2M

T2minmax



L'inertie thermique influe positivement sur T2m_min et donc sur T2m
Le biais froid en saison sèche est corrigé pour une valeur irréaliste de l'inertie (Sr=1, sol humide)

II. SENSIBILITE DES BIAIS DU BILAN D'ÉNERGIE À L'ALBÉDO



Station Bamba (1.4E, 17.1N)

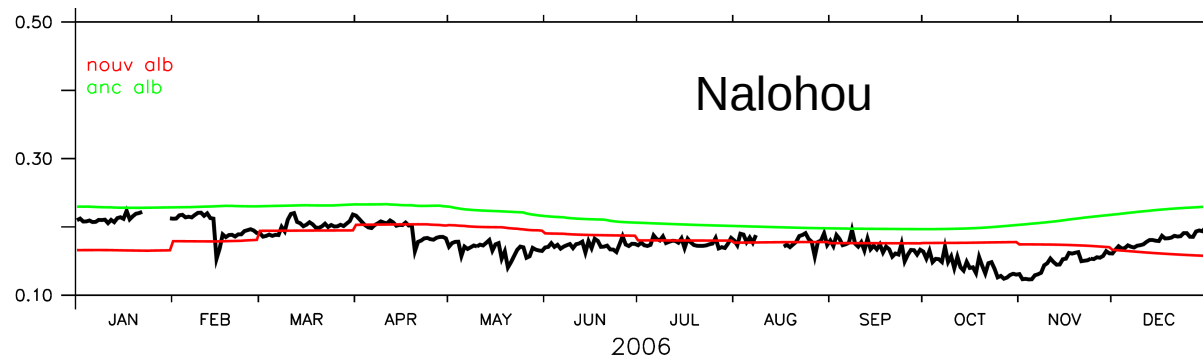
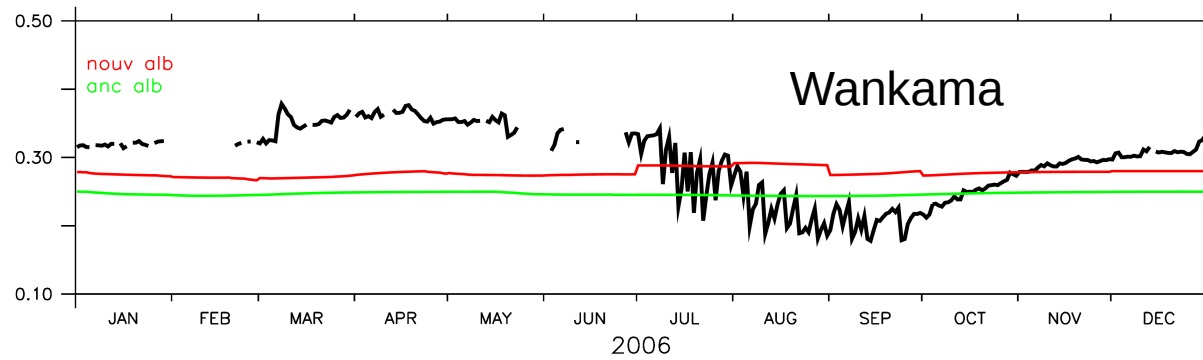
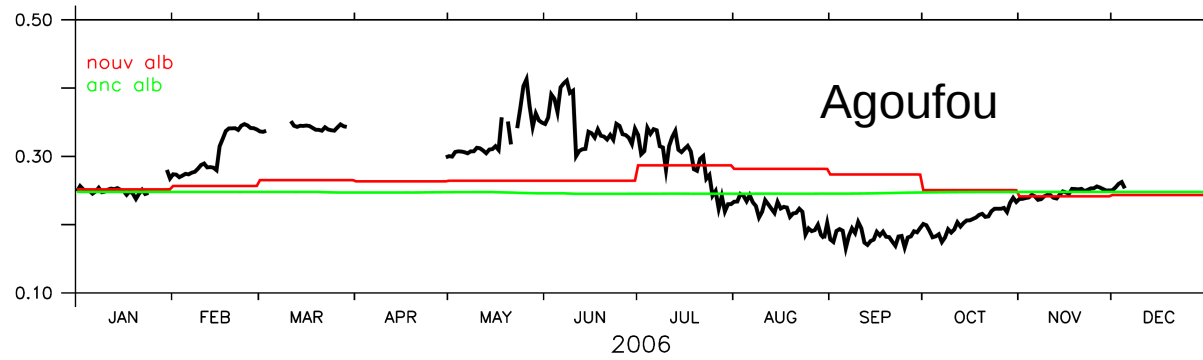
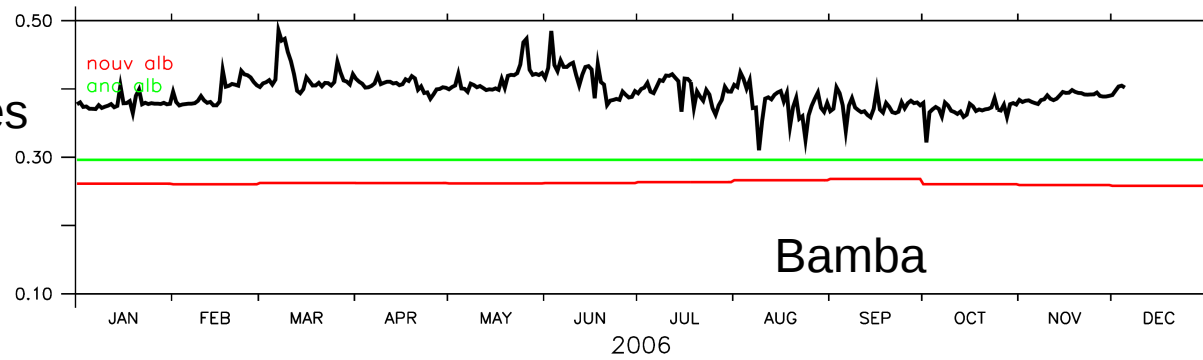
$$\text{Alb\'edo} = f_{\text{sol-nu}} * \text{alb\'edo}_{\text{sol-nu}} + (1 - f_{\text{sol-nu}}) * \text{alb\'edo}_{\text{v\'eg\'etation}}$$

Test : mettre un facteur sur l'alb\'edo du "sol nu"

Avantage : Corrige le biais sur le Swnet => Rnet en accord avec les observations

Inconv\'enients : Amplifie le biais froid sur la Temp\'erature

Simulations couplées
LMDZ Orchidee 11



ALBEDO OBS
ALBEDO MODIS
ALBEDO